

Short application note Food & beverage



Inulin from chicory

Keywords

ALEXYS carbohydrate analyzer, HPAEC-PAD, SweetSep[™]AEX200, Inulin, prebiotic, fructans, FOS, plant-derived oligo– and polysaccharides, sodium nitrate pushing agent, fast high-resolution separation > DP 90 within 25 min



Fig. 1. Chromatogram obtained from an 10 μL injection of a 200 ppm solution of inulin from chicory in DI water. Separation was achieved using the LC-EC conditions and gradient program shown in Table 1 and 2, respectively. Inset(right): zoomed plot of area between DP80—DP90.

Introduction

Inulin-type fructans found in many types of plants are a group of naturally occurring polysaccharides consisting of fructose units joined by $\beta(2 \rightarrow 1)$ glycosidic bond, and typically have a terminal glucose unit [1,2]. High-performance anion-exchange chromatography in combination with pulsed amperometric detection (HPAEC-PAD) is a powerful tool to profile the chain length distribution of inulin-type fructans [2].



Table 1. HPAEC-PAD conditions

| HPLC | ALEXYS™ Carbohydrate Analyzer (Antec Scientific) |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Columns | SweetSep™AEX200, 4 x 50 mm precolumn, 5μm SweetSep™AEX200, 4 x 200 mm column, 5μm Borate ion trap, 4 x 50 mm column, 10 μm (all columns Antec Scientific) |
| Mobile phase | A: 100 mM NaOH - 500 mM NaNO ₃ |
| | B: 100 mM NaOH |
| Flow rate | 0.7 mL/min |
| Backpressure | 185 - 195 bar |
| Injection volume | 10 μL |
| Temperature | 40°C for sample heating (AS 6.1L sample tray compartment), 35°C for separation, 45°C for detection |
| Flow cell | SenCell Au WE, HyREF Palladium RE, AST setting |
| Potential waveform (4-step) | E1, E2, E3, E4: +0.1, -2.0, +0.6, -0.1 V ts, t1, t2, t3, t4: 0.2, 0.4, 0.02, 0.01, 0.07 s |
| Range | 5 μΑ/V |
| I-cell | About 0.2—0.5 μΑ |
| ADF | 0.05 Hz |

Fig. 2. ALEXYS Carbohydrate Analyzer.

ALEXYS Application Note # 220_038_02



Larger molecules like oligo- and polysaccharides typically have a higher net negative charge under alkaline conditions and slower elution kinetics and are therefore strongly retained on AEX columns. To elute these macromolecules, sodium acetate is most frequently used in the mobile phase as 'pusher' anion due to its stronger elution power. As alternative sodium nitrate, can be used. Sodium nitrate is a more effective anion, requiring approximately 20% of the concentration of acetate to obtain the same retention time. In published studies it was claimed that the use of nitrate offered better reproducibility and lower limit of detection [3]. In this short application note fast high-resolution analysis of inulin is demonstrated based on separation on the new SweetSep[™] AEX200 column using a sodium nitrate containing eluent. The high resolving power and detection sensitivity is evident from figure 1. Inulin with a degree of polymerization (DP) of more than 90 can be detected with this method.

Method

The setup & conditions of the method and gradient program are listed in table 1 and 2, respectively. The ALEXYS carbohydrate analyzer (fig. 2) is a dedicated HPAEC-PAD system with a metal-free flow path, optimized for the sensitive analysis of carbohydrates. The system consists of the ET210 eluent tray, a P6.1L quaternary LPG pump, AS6.1L autosampler, CT2.1 column thermostat, and the DECADE Elite electrochemical detector. The ET210 eluent tray has an integrated gas distribution system to blanket the headspace of the eluent bottles with inert gas (Helium or Nitrogen) to avoid diffusion of CO₂ into the eluents and minimize the formation of carbonate ions.

<u>Sample preparation:</u> 20 mg/mL inulin in water was dissolved at 90°C in a water bath, subsequently diluted 100x and filtered (0.22 μ m Polyethersulfone syringe filter). The inulin sample was kept to 40°C in the auto sampler prior to analysis, to prevent precipitation of the high molecular weight fraction.

Table 2—Gradient program

| Time (min) | %A | %В | Mobile phase | Description |
|------------|----|----|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| 0 | 5 | 95 | 100mM NaOH + 25 mM NaNO ₃ | |
| 30 | 40 | 60 | 100 mM NaOH + 200 mM NaNO $_3$ | Gradient elution |
| 30 - 45 | 40 | 60 | 100 mM NaOH + 200 mM NaNO $_3$ | Column clean-up |
| 45 - 60 | 5 | 95 | 100 mM NaOH + 25 mM NaNO ₃ | Equilibration |

For research purpose only. The information shown in this short application note is solely to demonstrate the applicability of the ALEXYS system and DECADE Elite detector. The actual performance may be affected by factors beyond Antec's control and may be adjusted accordingly. Specifications mentioned are subject to change without further notice.

SweetSep, DECADE Elite, ALEXYS, SenCell, FlexCell and HyREF are trademarks of Antec Scientific. Clarity™ and DataApex™ are trademarks of DataApex Ltd. Chromeleon™ is a trademark of Thermo Fisher Scientific, Empower™ is a trademark of Waters corporation, OpenLAB™ and Chemstation are trademarks of Agilent Technologies, Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

References

- 1. Wiki, "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inulin", https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Inulin
- Antec Scientific Application note," Characterization of Inulin -type fructan mixtures", pn 220_021, <u>220_021</u>
- K. S. Wong et al., "Effects of pushing agents on the separation and detection of debranched amylopectin by HPAEC-PAD", J. of Liq. Chromatogr., 1995, 18(1), 63–80, https://doi.org/10.1080/10826079508009221

Reagents, standards and sample prep accessories

| NaOH (50% w/w/Certified) | Fisher Scientific, pn SS254-500 | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Sodium Nitrate, Suprapur 99.99% | Merck, pn 1.06546.0050 | |
| DI water 18.2 MΩ.cm, TOC < 5 ppb | YoungIn Chromass Aquapuri Essence+ 393 | |
| Inulin from Chicory > 95% | Carbosynth, pn YI01274 | |

Ordering information

| ALEXYS analyzer | | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| 180.0057W | ALEXYS Carbohydrate Analyzer - gradient (quaternary LPG) | |
| 116.4321 | SenCell 2 mm Au HyREF | |
| 186.ATC00 | CT2.1 Column Thermostat | |
| Columns | | |
| 260.0025 | SweetSep™ AEX200, 4 x 50 mm precolumn, 5 μm | |
| 260.0020 | SweetSep™ AEX200, 4 x 200 mm column, 5 μm | |
| 260.0030 | Borate ion trap, 4 x 50 mm column, 10 μm | |
| Software* | | |
| 195.0035 | Clarity CDS single instr. incl. LC, AS module | |

*) The ALEXYS Carbohydrate Analyzer can also be controlled under Thermo Fisher Scientific Chromeleon[™] CDS. Please Contact Antec for more details.

Antec Scientific (USA)

info@AntecScientific.com www.AntecScientific.com T 888 572 0012

Antec Scientific (worldwide)

info@AntecScientific.com www.AntecScientific.com T +31 172 26 8888

